

**IN THE CLAIMS**

Kindly delete claims 11 and 26 without prejudice to, or disclaimer of the subject matter therein. Kindly amend claims 7, 14, 16, 22, 29 and 31 as follows.

The following is a complete listing of revised claims with a status identifier in parenthesis.

**LISTING OF CLAIMS**

1. (Original) A method for use in providing Internet service to an endpoint, the method comprising the steps of:

specifying routing information for an endpoint, wherein the routing information specifies primary and alternative Internet Protocol (IP) addresses; and

communicating data to the endpoint using the specified primary IP address except during periods of service interruption in which one of the alternative IP addresses are used.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the communicating data step further comprises the steps of:

detecting the service interruption;

establishing an IP tunnel to the endpoint using one of the alternative IP addresses; and

forwarding the data via the IP tunnel to the endpoint.

3. (Cancelled)

4. (Original) A method for use in providing Internet service to an endpoint via a primary communications channel, the method comprising the steps of:

storing a routing table comprising an first Internet Protocol (IP) address associated with routing data to an endpoint via the primary communications channel and a second IP address associated with routing data to the endpoint over a secondary communications channel; and

routing data to the endpoint as a function of the routing table such that during periods of service interruption on the primary communications channel data is routed to the endpoint via the secondary communications channel, whereas data is routed to the endpoint via the primary communications channel otherwise.

5. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein the routing data step further comprises the steps of:

detecting the service interruption;

establishing an IP tunnel to the endpoint using the second IP address;

and

forwarding the data via the IP tunnel to the endpoint.

6. (Cancelled)

7. (Currently Amended) A method of communicating over a cable television (CATV) access network having a cable modem termination system (CMTS) interface, the method comprising the steps of:

establishing a connection between the CMTS and a distant cable modem (CM) logically derived from an Internet Service Provider (ISP) subnetwork identifier of a Network Access Server (NAS) of the ISP;

storing routing information associated with the connection, the routing information including at least a CM identifier, an identity of an RF link on the CATV access network over which the CMTS forwards data packets to the CM, and a tunnel interface identifier over which the CMTS forwards data packets to the CM over a different network; and

communicating data packets to the CM by translating the CM identifier to either the identified RF link or the tunnel interface identifier, wherein the tunnel is invoked in the event of a CATV interface failure.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein CATV access network provides one-way, or downstream, communications to the CM.

9. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein CATV access network provides two-way communications to the CM.

10. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the CM identifier over the CATV network is logically derived from a CMTS subnetwork identifier of the CMTS.

11. (Cancelled)

12. (Original) Apparatus for use in providing Internet service to an endpoint, the apparatus comprising:

a device for (a) specifying routing information for an endpoint, wherein the routing information specifies primary and alternative Internet Protocol (IP) addresses, and (b) communicating data to the endpoint using the specified primary IP address except during periods of service interruption in which one of the alternative IP addresses are used.

13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 12 wherein the device is a part of a cable television network (CATV).

14. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for use in providing Internet service to an endpoint, the apparatus comprising:

a device for routing data to the endpoint as a function of a routing table stored therein such that during periods of service interruption on a primary communications channel associated with a primary IP address data is routed to the endpoint via a secondary communications channel associated with a

secondary IP address, whereas data is routed to the endpoint via the primary communications channel otherwise.

15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein the device is a part of a cable television network (CATV).

16. (Currently Amended) A system for use in providing Internet service, the system comprising:

a cable head-end router for providing Internet Protocol (IP) packets intended for subsequent conveyance over a primary channel; and

a cable modem data termination system responsive to the provided IP packets for routing the IP packets to an endpoint as a function of a routing table stored therein such that during periods of service interruption on the primary communications channel the IP packets are routed to the endpoint via a secondary communications channel associated with a secondary IP address, whereas the IP packets are routed to the endpoint via the primary communications channel associated with a primary IP address otherwise.

17. (Original) A system for use in providing Internet service, the system comprising:

a cable head-end router for providing Internet Protocol (IP) packets that include a destination field having a value associated with a first IP address; and

a cable modem data termination system responsive to the provided IP packets for communicating the IP packets to the endpoint using the first IP address except during periods of service interruption in which an alternative IP address is used.

18. (Previously Presented) A method for use in providing Internet service to an endpoint, the method comprising the steps of:

specifying routing information for an endpoint, wherein the routing information specifies primary and alternative Internet Protocol (IP) addresses; and

communicating data to the endpoint using the specified primary IP address over a first cable-based communications channel except during periods of service interruption in which one of the alternative IP addresses are used for communicating over a second non-cable-based communications channel.

19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 18 wherein the communicating data step further comprises the steps of:

detecting the service interruption;

establishing an IP tunnel to the endpoint using one of the alternative IP addresses; and

forwarding the data via the IP tunnel to the endpoint.

20. (Previously Presented) A method for use in providing Internet service to an endpoint via a primary communications channel, the method comprising the steps of:

storing a routing table comprising an first-Internet Protocol (IP) address associated with routing data to an endpoint via the primary communications channel and a second IP address associated with routing data to the endpoint over a secondary communications channel; and

routing data to the endpoint as a function of the routing table such that during periods of service interruption on the primary communications channel data is routed to the endpoint via the secondary communications channel, whereas data is routed to the endpoint via the primary communications channel otherwise and wherein the primary communications channel and the secondary communications channel are supported by physically different communications mediums.

21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20 wherein the routing data step further comprises the steps of:

detecting the service interruption;  
establishing an IP tunnel to the endpoint using the second IP address;  
and  
forwarding the data via the IP tunnel to the endpoint.

22. (Currently Amended) A method of communicating over a cable television (CATV) access network having a cable modem termination system (CMTS) interface, the method comprising the steps of:

establishing a connection between the CMTS and a distant cable modem (CM) logically derived from an Internet Service Provider (ISP) subnetwork identifier of a Network Access Server (NAS) of the ISP;

storing routing information associated with the connection, the routing information including at least a CM identifier, an identity of an RF link on the CATV access network over which the CMTS forwards data packets to the CM, and a tunnel interface identifier over which the CMTS forwards data packets to the CM over a switched telephone network; and

communicating data packets to the CM by translating the CM identifier to either the identified RF link or the tunnel interface identifier, wherein the tunnel is invoked in the event of a CATV interface failure.

23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22 wherein CATV access network provides one-way, or downstream, communications to the CM.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22 wherein CATV access network provides two-way communications to the CM.



25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22 wherein the CM identifier over the CATV network is logically derived from a CMTS subnetwork identifier of the CMTS.

26. (Cancelled)

27. (Previously Presented) Apparatus for use in providing Internet service to an endpoint, the apparatus comprising:

a device for (a) specifying routing information for an endpoint, wherein the routing information specifies primary and alternative Internet Protocol (IP) addresses, and (b) communicating data to the endpoint using the specified primary IP address over a first cable-based channel except during periods of service interruption in which one of the alternative IP addresses are used for communicating data over a second non-cable-based communications channel.

28. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 27 wherein the device is a part of a cable television network (CATV).

29. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for use in providing Internet service to an endpoint, the apparatus comprising:

a device for routing data to the endpoint as a function of a routing table stored therein such that during periods of service interruption on a primary communications channel associated with a primary IP address data is routed

to the endpoint via a secondary communications channel associated with a secondary IP address, whereas data is routed to the endpoint via the primary communications channel otherwise and wherein the primary communications channel is physically different from the secondary communications channel.

30. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 29 wherein the device is a part of a cable television network (CATV).

31. (Currently Amended) A system for use in providing Internet service, the system comprising:

a cable head-end router for providing Internet Protocol (IP) packets intended for subsequent conveyance over a primary cable channel; and

a cable modem data termination system responsive to the provided IP packets for routing the IP packets to an endpoint as a function of a routing table stored therein such that during periods of service interruption on the primary cable channel the IP packets are routed to the endpoint via a secondary non-cable communications channel associated with a secondary IP address, whereas the IP packets are routed to the endpoint via the primary cable channel associated with a primary IP address otherwise.

32. (Previously Presented) A system for use in providing Internet service, the system comprising:

a cable head-end router for providing Internet Protocol (IP) packets that include a destination field having a value associated with a first IP address; and

a cable mode data termination system responsive to the provided IP packets for communicating the IP packets to the endpoint over a cable-based communications channel using the first IP address except during periods of service interruption in which an alternative IP address is used for communicating the IP packets to the endpoint over a non-cable-based communications channel.